

Revision of List of the plants and other objects subject to specific phytosanitary measures to be carried out in exporting countries (Annexed Table 1-2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Plant Protection Act) and the details of the requirements for each of the quarantine pests

Note: The list will be revised as follows. Underlined and strikethrough region/countries and plants are the main changes in the revision.

Common requirements

The plants and other objects must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate or a certified copy of the phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of an exporting country to certify that the plants and other objects have been inspected and are considered to meet the requirements.

Item No.	Region/countries	Plants/other objects	Quarantine pests	Requirements
1	[Middle East] Israel, Iran, Türkiye, [Europe] Italy, Cyprus, Greece, Switzerland, Spain, Slovakia, Serbia, Czech, Hungary, France, Portugal, Malta, [Africa] Algeria, Egypt, Canary Islands, Tunisia, Morocco	Live plants and plant parts for planting (excluding seeds, fruits and live plants and plant parts that are aseptically cultured, sealed in test tubes, flasks, etc., and imported being free from the quarantine pest) and cut flowers and branches and leaves, leafy vegetables for consumption and ornament of the following plants: <i>celery (Apium graveolens (including Apium graveolens var. graveolens, Apium graveolens var. dulce, Apium graveolens var. rapaceum)), Ambrosia artemisiifolia (including Ambrosia artemisiifolia var. elatior), Daucus</i>	<i>Bactericera trigonica</i>	The plants must fulfill the following specific requirement AND the phytosanitary certificate or the certified copy of the phytosanitary certificate must include additional declaration (see “<i>Example of wording for additional declaration</i>”). The plants are found to be free from <i>Bactericera trigonica</i> by inspection prior to export. The inspection should be carried out to determine if eggs are not present externally on the leaves and larvae and adults feed externally on the leaves are not present. If <i>Bactericera trigonica</i> is detected through the inspection, the plants are subjected to an appropriate treatment aiming at eradicating this pest. Details of treatment schedule should be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatments" with the date of the treatment stated. Example of wording for additional declaration: <i>Fulfills item 1 of the Annexed Table 1-2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Plant Protection Act (MAF Ordinance</i>

				No73/1950)
2	[Asia] India, [Middle East] Israel, Iran, Saudi Arabia, Türkiye, [Europe] Italy, Uzbekistan, Greece, Kyrgyz Republic, Spain, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, France, [Africa] Algeria, Egypt, Canary Islands, Sudan, Tunisia, Namibia, Republic of South Africa, Morocco, Libya, [North America] United States of America (excluding Hawaiian Islands), Canada, [Latin America] Jamaica, Puerto Rico, Mexico, [Oceania] Hawaiian Islands	Live plants and plant parts for planting (excluding seeds, fruits and live plants and plant parts that are aseptically cultured, sealed in test tubes, flasks, etc., and imported being free from the quarantine pest) and cut flowers and branches and leaves, leafy vegetables for consumption and ornament of the following plants: hemp (<i>Cannabis sativa</i>), red orache (<i>Atriplex rosea</i>), alfalfa (<i>Medicago sativa</i>), spreading wallflower (<i>Erysimum repandum</i> (syn. <i>Cheirinia repanda</i>)), salad rocket (<i>Eruca vesicaria</i> (syn. <i>Eruca sativa</i>)), red-stemmed filaree (<i>Erodium cicutarium</i>), trifoliate orange (<i>Poncirus trifoliata</i>), Gilia minutiflora, shasta daisy (<i>Chrysanthemum maximum</i>), Melilotus indicus, Russian-thistle (<i>Salsola pestifer</i> (syn. <i>Salsola kali</i> subsp. <i>ruthenica</i>)), London rocket (<i>Sisymbrium irio</i>), calamondin orange (x <i>Citrofortunella microcarpa</i> (syn. <i>Citrus x microcarpa</i>)), black pigweed (<i>Trianthema portulacastrum</i>), horseradish (<i>Armoracia rusticana</i> (syn. <i>Cochlearia armoracia</i>)), radish (<i>Raphanus sativus</i>), shortpod mustard (<i>Hirschfeldia incana</i>), onion (<i>Allium cepa</i>), Tidestromia lanuginosa, sweet pepper (chili pepper, shishito pepper, bell pepper) (<i>Capsicum annuum</i>), tomato (including <i>Lycopersicon esculentum</i> (syn. <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i>), <i>Solanum arcanum</i>,	<i>Circulifer tenellus</i> (beet leafhopper)	The plants must fulfill the following specific requirement AND the phytosanitary certificate or the certified copy of the phytosanitary certificate must include additional declaration (see “Example of wording for additional declaration”). The plants are found to be free from <i>Circulifer tenellus</i> by inspection prior to export. The inspection should be carried out to determine if eggs are not present externally in the leaves and stems and larvae and adults feed externally on the leaves are not present. Example of wording for additional declaration: Fulfills item 2 of the Annexed Table 1-2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Plant Protection Act (MAF Ordinance No73/1950)

		<i>Solanum cheesmaniae</i>, <i>Solanum chilense</i>, <i>Solanum galapagense</i>, <i>Solanum peruvianum</i>, <i>Solanum pimpinellifolium</i>), <i>Fumaria capreolata</i>, carrot (<i>Daucus carota</i> (including <i>Daucus carota</i> var. <i>sativa</i>)), wild mustards (<i>Sinapis arvensis</i>), tumble mustard (<i>Sisymbrium altissimum</i>), <i>Funastrum hirtellum</i>, chinchweed (<i>Pectis papposa</i>), spinach (<i>Spinacia oleracea</i>), <i>Monolepis nuttalliana</i>, <i>Lepidium lasiocarpum</i>, <i>Chenopodium</i>, <i>Alyssum</i>, <i>Brassica</i>, <i>Linum</i>, <i>Cistus</i>, <i>Tamarix</i>, <i>Fortunella</i>, <i>Lycium</i>, <i>Zygophyllum</i>, x <i>Citroncirus</i>, <i>Cleome</i>, <i>Tropaeolum</i>, <i>Rosa</i>, <i>Zinnia</i>, <i>Amaranthus</i>, <i>Geranium</i>, <i>Beta</i>, <i>Petunia</i>, <i>Matthiola</i>, <i>Citrus</i>		
3	[Middle East] Iran, Türkiye, <u>Lebanon</u>, [Europe] Ireland, Albania, Andorra, Italy, Ukraine, Uzbekistan, United Kingdom (Great Britain and Northern Ireland), <u>British Channel Islands</u>, Estonia, Austria, Netherlands, Kazakhstan, North Macedonia, Greece, Croatia, Switzerland, Sweden, Spain, Slovakia, Slovenia, Serbia, Tajikistan, Czech, Denmark, Germany, Turkmenistan, Hungary, France, Bulgaria, Belarus, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Poland, Portugal, Moldova, Luxembourg, Romania, Russia,	Logs of the following plants: <i>Ulmus</i>, <u>Populus</u>	<i>Scolytus multistriatus</i> (smaller European elm bark beetle)	The plants must fulfill the following specific requirement AND the phytosanitary certificate or the certified copy of the phytosanitary certificate must include additional declaration (see “<i>Example of wording for additional declaration</i>”). The plants are found to be free from <i>Scolytus multistriatus</i> by inspection prior to export. The inspection should be carried out to determine if entrance and exit holes are not present on the bark surface and larvae, pupae and adults are not present in galleries under the bark. If <i>Scolytus multistriatus</i> is detected through the inspection, the plants are subjected to an appropriate treatment aiming at eradicating this pest. Details of treatment schedule should be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatments" with the date of the treatment stated. <i>Example of wording for additional declaration:</i>

	[Africa] Algeria, Egypt, [North America] United States of America (excluding Hawaiian Islands), Canada, [Latin America] Chile, Mexico, [Oceania] Australia, New Zealand			<i>Fulfills item 3 of the Annexed Table 1-2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Plant Protection Act (MAF Ordinance No73/1950)</i>
4	[Asia] India, [Middle East] Iran, Türkiye, [Europe] Ireland, Azerbaijan, Albania, Armenia, Andorra, Italy, Ukraine, United Kingdom (Great Britain and Northern Ireland), Austria, Netherlands, Greece, Croatia, Georgia, Switzerland, Sweden, Spain, Slovakia, Slovenia, Serbia, Tajikistan, Czech, Denmark, Germany, Hungary, France, Bulgaria, Belarus, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Poland, Portugal, Monaco, Moldova, Lithuania, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Romania, Russia	Logs of the following plants: <i>Ulmus</i>	<i>Scolytus scolytus</i> (large elm bark beetle)	The plants must fulfill the following specific requirement AND the phytosanitary certificate or the certified copy of the phytosanitary certificate must include additional declaration (see “<i>Example of wording for additional declaration</i>”). The plants are found to be free from <i>Scolytus scolytus</i> by inspection prior to export. The inspection should be carried out to determine if entrance and exit holes are not present on the bark surface and larvae, pupae and adults are not present in galleries under the bark. If <i>Scolytus scolytus</i> is detected through the inspection, the plants are subjected to an appropriate treatment aiming at eradicating this pest. Details of treatment schedule should be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatments" with the date of the treatment stated. Example of wording for additional declaration: <i>Fulfills item 4 of the Annexed Table 1-2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Plant Protection Act (MAF Ordinance No73/1950)</i>
5	[Asia] Mongolia, [Europe] Italy, Ukraine, United Kingdom (Great Britain and Northern Ireland), Estonia, Austria, Switzerland, Sweden, Spain, Czech, Denmark, Germany,	Live plants and plant parts for planting (excluding seeds, fruits and live plants and plant parts that are aseptically cultured, sealed in test tubes, flasks, etc., and imported being free from the quarantine pest) and cut flowers and	<i>Trioza apicalis</i> (carrot psyllid)	The plants must fulfill the following specific requirement AND the phytosanitary certificate or the certified copy of the phytosanitary certificate must include additional declaration (see “<i>Example of wording for additional declaration</i>”). The plants are found to be free from <i>Trioza apicalis</i> by

	Norway, Finland, France, Belarus, Poland, Latvia, Russia	branches and leaves, leafy vegetables for consumption and ornament of the following plants: dill (<i>Anethum graveolens</i>), parsley (<i>Petroselinum crispum</i> (syn. <i>Petroselinum sativum</i>, <i>Petroselinum hortense</i>)), cumin (<i>Cuminum cyminum</i>), coriander (<i>Coriandrum sativum</i>), celery (<i>Apium graveolens</i> (including <i>Apium graveolens</i> var. <i>graveolens</i>, <i>Apium graveolens</i> var. <i>dulce</i>, <i>Apium graveolens</i> var. <i>rapaceum</i>)), carrot (<i>Daucus carota</i> (including <i>Daucus carota</i> var. <i>sativa</i>)), caraway (<i>Carum carvi</i>), <i>Heracleum sphondylium</i>		inspection prior to export. The inspection should be carried out to determine if eggs are not present externally on the leaves and larvae and adults feed externally on the leaves are not present. If <i>Trioza apicalis</i> is detected through the inspection, the plants are subjected to an appropriate treatment aiming at eradicating this pest. Details of treatment schedule should be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatments" with the date of the treatment stated. Example of wording for additional declaration: <i>Fulfills item 5 of the Annexed Table 1-2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Plant Protection Act (MAF Ordinance No73/1950)</i>
6	[Asia] Republic of Korea, China (excluding Hong Kong, China)	Seeds for planting of the following plants: watermelon (<i>Citrullus lanatus</i> (syn. <i>Citrullus vulgaris</i>)), summer squash (<i>Cucurbita pepo</i>), Live plants and plant parts for planting (excluding seeds and fruits) of the following plants: watermelon (<i>Citrullus lanatus</i> (syn. <i>Citrullus vulgaris</i>)), summer squash (<i>Cucurbita pepo</i>), bottle gourd (<i>Lagenaria siceraria</i> (syn. <i>Lagenaria leucantha</i>))	<i>Zucchini green mottle mosaic virus</i>	(1) For seeds: The plants must fulfill the following specific requirement AND the phytosanitary certificate or the certified copy of the phytosanitary certificate must include additional declaration (see "Example of wording for additional declaration"). Either The samples randomly taken from parent plants and ones with suspected symptoms are tested by an appropriate serological diagnosis method such as ELISA or an appropriate genetic method such as RT-PCR assay and found to be free from <i>Zucchini green mottle mosaic virus</i>; or The seeds are tested prior to export by an appropriate serological diagnosis method such as ELISA or an appropriate genetic method such as RT-PCR assay and found to be free

				from <i>Zucchini green mottle mosaic virus</i>; 4,600 seeds are randomly taken from a lot as samples in accordance with the International Seed Testing Association (ISTA) procedures; or in case that the number of seeds of a lot is less than 46,000, 10% of the seeds are used for the testing; they are divided into at most 100 seeds for ELISA or RT-PCR as sub-samples. (2) For Live plants and plant parts for planting (excluding seeds and fruits): The plants must fulfill the following specific requirement AND the phytosanitary certificate or the certified copy of the phytosanitary certificate must include additional declaration (see “<i>Example of wording for additional declaration</i>”). The plants randomly taken from a lot and plants with suspected symptoms are tested during the growing season or prior to export by an appropriate serological diagnosis method such as ELISA or an appropriate genetic method such as RT-PCR assay and found to be free from <i>Zucchini green mottle mosaic virus</i>. Example of wording for additional declaration: <i>Fulfills item 6 of the Annexed Table 1-2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Plant Protection Act (MAF Ordinance No73/1950)</i>
7	[Asia] China (excluding Hong Kong, China), [Middle East] Iran, Syria, Türkiye, Jordan, Lebanon, [Europe] Italy, United Kingdom (Great Britain and Northern Ireland), Austria, Slovakia,	Seeds for planting of the following plants: pea (<i>Pisum sativum</i>), broad bean (<i>Vicia faba</i>), lentil (<i>Lens culinaris</i>)	<i>Broad bean stain virus</i>	The plants must fulfill either of the following specific requirement (i) or (ii) AND the phytosanitary certificate or the certified copy of the phytosanitary certificate must include additional declaration (see “<i>Example of wording for additional declaration</i>”). Either

	Germany, Hungary, Poland, [Africa] Egypt, Ethiopia, Sudan, Tunisia, South Sudan, Morocco, Libya,			(i) Field Inspection The parent plants are grown at a place of production or a production site (including a plant growth facility) where the control against vectors of <i>Broad bean stain virus</i> is carried out appropriately. and The parent plants are inspected at the place of production/ the production site/ the field during the most active growing season and found to be free from <i>Broad bean stain virus</i>. or (ii) Laboratory test Either The samples randomly taken from parent plants and ones with suspected symptoms are tested by an appropriate serological diagnosis method such as ELISA and found to be free from <i>Broad bean stain virus</i>; or The seeds are tested prior to export by an appropriate serological diagnosis method such as ELISA and found to be free from <i>Broad bean stain virus</i>; 4,600 seeds are randomly taken from a lot as samples in accordance with the International Seed Testing Association (ISTA) procedures; or in case that the number of seeds of a lot is less than 46,000, 10% of the seeds are used for the testing; they are divided into at most 100 seeds for ELISA as sub-samples. Example of wording for additional declaration: <i>Fulfills item 7 of the Annexed Table 1-2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Plant Protection Act (MAF Ordinance No73/1950)</i>
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8	[Asia] China (excluding Hong Kong, China), [Middle East] Syria, Lebanon, [Europe] Italy, United Kingdom (Great Britain and Northern Ireland), Austria, Germany, Hungary, Poland, [Africa] Egypt, Ethiopia, Sudan, Tunisia, South Sudan, Morocco	Seeds for planting of the following plants: broad bean (<i>Vicia faba</i>) Live plants and plant parts for planting (excluding seeds and fruits) of the following plants: pea (<i>Pisum sativum</i>), broad bean (<i>Vicia faba</i>)	<i>Broad bean true mosaic virus</i>	(1) For seeds: The plants must fulfill either of the following specific requirement (i) or (ii) AND the phytosanitary certificate or the certified copy of the phytosanitary certificate must include additional declaration (see “<i>Example of wording for additional declaration</i>”). Either (i) Field Inspection The parent plants are grown at a place of production or a production site (including a plant growth facility) where the control against vectors of <i>Broad bean true mosaic virus</i> is carried out appropriately. and The parent plants are inspected at the place of production/ the production site/ the field during the most active growing season and found to be free from <i>Broad bean true mosaic virus</i>. or (ii) Laboratory test Either The samples randomly taken from parent plants and ones with suspected symptoms are tested by an appropriate serological diagnosis method such as ELISA or an appropriate genetic method such as RT-PCR assay and found to be free from <i>Broad bean true mosaic virus</i>; or The seeds are tested prior to export by an appropriate serological diagnosis method such as ELISA or an appropriate genetic method such as RT-PCR assay and found to be free from <i>Broad bean true mosaic virus</i>; 4,600 seeds are randomly
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				taken from a lot as samples in accordance with the International Seed Testing Association (ISTA) procedures; or in case that the number of seeds of a lot is less than 46,000, 10% of the seeds are used for the testing; they are divided into at most 100 seeds for ELISA or RT-PCR as sub-samples. (2) For Live plants and plant parts: The plants must fulfill either of the following specific requirement (i) or (ii) AND the phytosanitary certificate or the certified copy of the phytosanitary certificate must include additional declaration (see “<i>Example of wording for additional declaration</i>”). Either (i) Field Inspection The plants are grown at a place of production or a production site (including a plant growth facility) where the control against vectors of <i>Broad bean true mosaic virus</i> is carried out appropriately. and The plants are inspected at the place of production/ the production site/ the field during the most active growing season and found to be free from <i>Broad bean true mosaic virus</i>. or (ii) Laboratory test The plants randomly taken from a lot and plants with suspected symptoms are tested during the growing season or prior to export by an appropriate serological diagnosis method such as ELISA or an appropriate genetic method such as RT-PCR assay and found to be free from <i>Broad bean true mosaic</i>
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				virus. Example of wording for additional declaration: <i>Fulfills item 8 of the Annexed Table 1-2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Plant Protection Act (MAF Ordinance No73/1950)</i>
9	[Asia] India, Pakistan, [Middle East] Israel, Iraq, Iran, Türkiye, Lebanon, [Europe] Azerbaijan, Albania, Armenia, Italy, Ukraine, Uzbekistan, Austria, North Macedonia, Cyprus, Greece, Croatia, Kosovo, Switzerland, Spain, Slovenia, Serbia, Tajikistan, Germany, Turkmenistan, Hungary, France, Bulgaria, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Poland, Portugal, Malta, Moldova, Montenegro, Romania, [Africa] Algeria, Canary Islands, Republic of South Africa, [North America] United States of America (excluding Hawaiian Islands), [Latin America] Argentina, Chile, Brazil, Peru, [Oceania] Australia	Underground parts of the live plants being capable of planting for cultivation of following plants (excluding live plants that are aseptically cultured, sealed in test tubes, flasks, etc., and imported being free from the quarantine pest): <i>Ampelopsis aconitifolia</i>, strawberry (<i>Fragaria x ananassa</i>), olive (<i>Olea europaea</i>), <i>Cupressus sempervirens</i> (syn. <i>Cupressus pyramidalis</i>), globe amaranth (<i>Gomphrena globosa</i>), Boston ivy (<i>Parthenocissus tricuspidata</i>), white mulberry (<i>Morus alba</i>), tomato (including <i>Lycopersicon esculentum</i> (syn. <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i>), <i>Solanum arcanum</i>, <i>Solanum cheesmaniae</i>, <i>Solanum chilense</i>, <i>Solanum galapagense</i>, <i>Solanum peruvianum</i>, <i>Solanum pimpinellifolium</i>), annual nettle (<i>Urtica urens</i>), petunias (<i>Petunia</i>), wild tobacco (<i>Nicotiana rustica</i>), <i>Chenopodium</i>, <i>Ficus</i>, <i>Prunus</i>, <i>Pistacia</i>, <i>Solanum</i>, <i>Rosa</i>, <i>Vitis</i>, <i>Pinus</i>, <i>Citrus</i>	<i>Xiphinema index</i> (fan-leaf virus nematode)	The plants must fulfill the following specific requirements (i) and (ii) AND the phytosanitary certificate or the certified copy of the phytosanitary certificate must include additional declaration (see “<i>Example of wording for additional declaration</i>”). (i) The plants are grown at a place of production or a production site (including a plant growth facility) where <i>Xiphinema index</i> has not been known to occur or was known to occur previously but has been eradicated. AND (ii) The plants are inspected at the place of production or the production site during the growing season, and the growing medium and the underground parts of the plants are examined by an appropriate nematological test and found to be free from <i>Xiphinema index</i>. Example of wording for additional declaration: <i>Fulfills item 9 of the Annexed Table 1-2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Plant Protection Act (MAF Ordinance No73/1950)</i>
10	[Asia] India, Chinese Taipei, China (excluding Hong Kong, China), Pakistan, [Europe] Azerbaijan, Armenia,	Live plants and plant parts for planting (excluding fruits and live plants and plant parts that are aseptically cultured, sealed in test tubes, flasks, etc., and imported	<i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>pisi</i> (Near-wilt of pea)	(1) For seeds: The plants must fulfill the following specific requirements (i) and (ii) AND the phytosanitary certificate or the certified copy of the phytosanitary certificate must include additional declaration

	Italy, Ukraine, Uzbekistan, United Kingdom (Great Britain and Northern Ireland), Estonia, Netherlands, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyz Republic, Croatia, Georgia, Slovakia, Tajikistan, Czech, Denmark, Germany, Turkmenistan, Hungary, France, Belarus, Belgium, Poland, Portugal, Moldova, Latvia, Lithuania, Romania, Russia, [Africa] Algeria, Egypt, Morocco, [North America] United States of America (excluding Hawaiian Islands), Canada, [Latin America] Argentina, Colombia, Brazil, [Oceania] Australia, New Zealand, Hawaiian Islands	being free from the quarantine pest) and seeds for planting of the following plants: pea (<i>Pisum sativum</i>)	(see “<i>Example of wording for additional declaration</i>”). (i) The parent plants are grown at a place of production or a production site (including a plant growth facility) where <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>pisi</i> has not been known to occur or was known to occur previously but has been eradicated. AND (ii) The parent plants are inspected at the place of production or the production site during the late growing season and found to be free from <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>pisi</i>. (2) For live plants and plant parts for planting (excluding seeds, fruits and live plants and plant parts that are aseptically cultured, sealed in test tubes, flasks, etc., and imported being free from the quarantine pest): The plants must fulfill the following specific requirements (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) AND the phytosanitary certificate or the certified copy of the phytosanitary certificate must include additional declaration (see “<i>Example of wording for additional declaration</i>”). (i) Seeds must be ensured to be free from <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>pisi</i> based on the following specific requirement. Parent plants at a place of production or a production site (including a plant growth facility) are inspected during the late growing season and found to be free from <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>pisi</i>. AND (ii) The plants are grown using the seeds at a place of production or production site (including a plant growth facility) where <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>pisi</i> has not been known to
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				occur or was known to occur previously but has been eradicated. AND (iii) The plants are inspected at the place of production or the production site (including a plant growth facility) during growing season and found to be free from <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>pisi</i>. AND (iv) Prior to export, the plants are inspected if signs or symptoms are present and found free from <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>pisi</i>. Example of wording for additional declaration: <i>Fulfills item 10 of the Annexed Table 1-2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Plant Protection Act (MAF Ordinance No73/1950)</i>
11	[Middle East] Yemen, Israel, Iraq, Syria, Türkiye, Lebanon, [Europe] Albania, Armenia, Italy, Cyprus, Greece, Georgia, France, Russia, [Africa] Algeria, Egypt, Tunisia, Libya	Live plants and plant parts for planting of the following plants (excluding seeds, fruits and live plants and plant parts that are aseptically cultured, sealed in test tubes, flasks, etc., and imported being free from the quarantine pest): calamondin orange (x <i>Citrofortunella microcarpa</i> (syn. <i>Citrus</i> x <i>microcarpa</i>)), <i>Eremocitrus</i>, <i>Poncirus</i>, <i>Fortunella</i>, <i>Severinia</i>, <i>Citrus</i>	<i>Deuterophoma tracheiphila</i>	The plants must fulfill the following specific requirement AND the phytosanitary certificate or the certified copy of the phytosanitary certificate must include additional declaration (see “<i>Example of wording for additional declaration</i>”). The plants are inspected at the place of production or the production site (including a plant growth facility) during the growing season and found to be free from <i>Deuterophoma tracheiphila</i>. Example of wording for additional declaration: <i>Fulfills item 11 of the Annexed Table 1-2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Plant Protection Act (MAF Ordinance No73/1950)</i>
12	[Asia] India, Chinese Taipei, China (excluding Hong Kong, China),	Live plants and plant parts for planting (excluding fruits and live plants and plant	<i>Peronospora chlorae</i>	(1) For seeds: The plants must fulfill the following specific requirement AND

	[Middle East] Israel, Türkiye, [Europe] Azerbaijan, Italy, Ukraine, United Kingdom (Great Britain and Northern Ireland), Netherlands, North Macedonia, Croatia, Kosovo, Georgia, Switzerland, Spain, Slovenia, Serbia, Denmark, Germany, Norway, Hungary, France, Poland, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Portugal, Montenegro, Russia, [North America] United States of America (excluding Hawaiian Islands), Canada, [Latin America] Argentina, [Oceania] Australia	parts that are aseptically cultured, sealed in test tubes, flasks, etc., and imported being free from the quarantine pest, including seeds) of the following plants: <i>Erythraea centaureum</i> (syn. <i>Centaureum centaureum</i>), <i>Erythraea roxburghii</i> (syn. <i>Centaureum roxburghii</i>), <i>Centaureum pulchellum</i> (syn. <i>Erythraea ramosissima</i>), <i>Eustoma grandiflorum</i> (syn. <i>Eustoma russelianum</i>, <i>Lisianthus russelianus</i>), <i>Blackstonia imperfoliata</i> (syn. <i>Chlora imperfoliata</i>), <i>Blackstonia serotina</i>, <i>Blackstonia perfoliata</i>	the phytosanitary certificate or the certified copy of the phytosanitary certificate must include additional declaration (see “<i>Example of wording for additional declaration</i>”). The parent plants are grown in an area or at a production site (including a plant growth facility) designated and maintained as free from <i>Peronospora chlorae</i> by the NPPO of the exporting country. (2) For live plants and plant parts for planting (excluding seeds, fruits and live plants and plant parts that are aseptically cultured, sealed in test tubes, flasks, etc., and imported being free from the quarantine pest): The plants must fulfill the following specific requirement AND the phytosanitary certificate or the certified copy of the phytosanitary certificate must include additional declaration (see “<i>Example of wording for additional declaration</i>”). The plants are grown at a production site (including a plant growth facility) designated by the NPPO of the exporting country. and The following measures are confirmed by the NPPO of the exporting country. (a) Use of seeds which were grown in an area free from this diseases (b) Disinfection of the facilities and equipment (c) Spraying fungicide to nursery plants and seedlings during growing stage (d) Use of growing media free from this disease (unused media or heat-treated media at 60 - 72 degrees Celsius or higher for 30 minutes or longer)
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				Example of wording for additional declaration: <i>Fulfills item 12 of the Annexed Table 1-2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Plant Protection Act (MAF Ordinance No73/1950)</i>
13	[North America] United States of America (excluding Hawaiian Islands), Canada, [Latin America] Mexico	Live plants and plant parts for planting of the following plants (excluding seeds, fruits and live plants and plant parts that are aseptically cultured, sealed in test tubes, flasks, etc., and imported being free from the quarantine pest): <i>Prunus</i>	<i>Apiosporina morbosa</i>	The plants must fulfill the following specific requirement AND the phytosanitary certificate or the certified copy of the phytosanitary certificate must include additional declaration (see “<i>Example of wording for additional declaration</i>”). The plants are inspected at the place of production or the production site (including a plant growth facility) during the growing season and found to be free from <i>Apiosporina morbosa</i>. Example of wording for additional declaration: <i>Fulfills item 13 of the Annexed Table 1-2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Plant Protection Act (MAF Ordinance No73/1950)</i>
14	[North America] United States of America (excluding Hawaiian Islands)	Live plants and plant parts for planting of the following plants (excluding seeds, fruits and live plants and plant parts that are aseptically cultured, sealed in test tubes, flasks, etc., and imported being free from the quarantine pest) and plant materials for using of planting or mulch (fallen leaves, leaf mold, humus and etc.) originated from the following plants: <i>Castanea, Quercus</i>	<i>Bretziella fagacearum</i> (wilt of oak)	(1) For live plants and plant parts for planting of the following plants (excluding seeds, fruits and live plants and plant parts that are aseptically cultured, sealed in test tubes, flasks, etc., and imported being free from the quarantine pest) and plant materials for using of planting or mulch (fallen leaves, leaf mold, humus and etc.): The plants must fulfill the following specific requirements (i) and (ii) AND the phytosanitary certificate or the certified copy of the phytosanitary certificate must include additional declaration (see “<i>Example of wording for additional declaration</i>”). (i) The plants are grown at a place of production or a production site (including a plant growth facility) where the control against

				its vector is carried out. AND (ii) The plants are inspected at the place of production or the production site during the growing season and found to be free from <i>Bretziella fagacearum</i>. (2) For plant materials for using of planting or mulch (fallen leaves, leaf mold, humus and etc.) The plants must fulfill the following specific requirement AND the phytosanitary certificate or the certified copy of the phytosanitary certificate must include additional declaration (see “<i>Example of wording for additional declaration</i>”). The plant material must be disinfected by heat treatment at 71 degrees Celsius or higher for 75 minutes or longer to ensure to be free from <i>Bretziella fagacearum</i>. Details of treatment schedule must be included on the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatments" with the date of the treatment stated. Example of wording for additional declaration: <i>Fulfills item 14 of the Annexed Table 1-2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Plant Protection Act (MAF Ordinance No73/1950)</i>
15	All region / countries	Used agricultural machineries (details below) Used items that belong to the following HS* code 8432.10-000 (8432.10), 8432.21-000 (8432.21), 8432.29-000 (8432.29), 8432.31-000 (8432.31),	—	The machineries must fulfill the following specific requirements AND the phytosanitary certificate or certified copy of the phytosanitary certificate must include additional declaration (see “<i>Example of wording for additional declaration</i>”). The machineries have been cleaned and free from soil and plant debris (including seeds) by inspection prior to export.

		8432.39-000 (8432.39), 8432.41-000 (8432.41), 8432.42-000 (8432.42), 8432.80-000 (8432.80) (Only for agriculture, horticulture or forestry), 8433.20-000 (8433.20), 8433.30-000 (8433.30), 8433.40-000 (8433.40), 8433.51-000 (8433.51), 8433.52-000 (8433.52), 8433.53-000 (8433.53), 8433.59-000 (8433.59), 8701.10-000 (8701.10), 8701.30-000 (8701.30) (Only for agriculture), 8701.91-010 (8701.91), 8701.92-010 (8701.92), 8701.93-011 (8701.93), 8701.93-012 (8701.93), 8701.94-010 (8701.94), 8701.95-010 (8701.95)		<i>Example of wording for additional declaration:</i> <i>Fulfills item 15 of the Annexed Table 1-2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Plant Protection Act (MAF Ordinance No73/1950)</i>
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*HS: The Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (The Harmonized System (HS) of tariff nomenclature)

The code presented is the code used in Japan, and the code in parentheses is the code used in international.